

HARDING TAKES OATH AS NEW PRESIDENT

Formal Ceremonies Mark Installation of Head of Greatest Nation On Earth

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—Warren G. Harding was inaugurated president of the United States today with ceremonies as simple as those the historians have described in chronicling the induction into office of George Washington more than a century ago.

Had Mr. Harding's personal wishes been adhered to strictly, the ceremonies would have been even more simple but the congressional inaugural committee made some arrangements on its own account. These included a cavalry escort of four troops for the president in his ride from his hotel to the capitol and thence to the White House.

This little cavalcade contrasted strangely with the great military and civil processions which have attended inaugurations for half a century or more.

Besides the cavalry escort, the congressional committee also arranged to have several companies of marines in full dress uniform at the capitol as a guard of honor and for the presence of the marine band—"the president's own"—which played "The Star-Spangled Banner" immediately after Mr. Harding had taken the oath of office.

The very simplicity of the ceremonies on the east portico of the capitol added to their impressiveness. Simple and impressive also were those in the senate chamber where Calvin Coolidge was sworn in by Vice President Marshall and where Mr. Coolidge in turn swore into office the new senators elected last November.

The day's ceremonies began with formal calls on the president-elect at the New Willard hotel by the congressional committee, headed by Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania. Leaving the hotel the presidential party proceeded to the White House, where President Wilson entered the automobile occupied by the president-elect. Mrs. Wilson joined Mrs. Harding in another automobile and the trip to the capitol was then started.

Vice President Marshall and Vice President-elect Coolidge occupied the second automobile in the procession, while Mrs. Marshall and Mrs. Coolidge rode in another car with some members of the congressional committee. Other members of the committee rode with the president and the president-elect and with Mr. Marshall and Mr. Coolidge.

Pennsylvania avenue from the White House to the capitol was crowded with home folks and visitors anxious for a glimpse of the new and retiring presidents. There were no reviewing stands and most of the spectators were forced to stand along the sidewalks. The more fortunate had seats in windows facing the avenues.

At the capitol the east plaza with its standing room for thousands was packed and the crowd overflowed over the park spaces and avenues which converge there. Most of these thousands were able to hear the inaugural address as Mr. Harding's voice was carried far out by means of sound amplifying device installed over the platform.

The Oath Harding Took

Washington, March 4.—The oath of office of president as administered today by the chief justice of the United States, Edward Douglas White, follows:

"I, Warren Gamaliel Harding, do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

sentatives to seats in the three west ones.

The party in the galleries was little less distinguished than that on the floor. It was composed of American women scarcely less known than their husbands taking part in the ceremony below, families of foreign diplomats and men and women in the forefront of the social life of the nation.

While the senate was assembling or its special session, the first of the 67th congress, the diplomatic corps was arriving and assembling in the marble room, to be escorted into the chamber.

Gorgeous in the colors and gold of their court uniforms, the corps entered headed by its dean, the ambassador of France, Jules J. Jusserand. The other diplomats entered by precedence in the order of the time they have been accredited to this country, the ambassadors coming first and the ministers last.

Next came the chief justice and the associate justices of the supreme court, in the sombre black silk gowns of office moving slowly and dignified to the places reserved for them in chairs placed in the front row facing the vice president and at his right.

Immediately afterward, members of the house of representatives were announced. A seat had been placed on the rostrum for Speaker Gillett at the left of Vice President Marshall. The representatives filed through the chamber to places reserved for them on the west side while the senators were seated on the east.

President-elect Harding, escorted by the committee on arrangements, entered the senate chamber at the main door and was escorted to the seat on the floor on the right hand side of the main aisle and facing the rostrum. Vice President Coolidge was escorted to a seat on the platform.

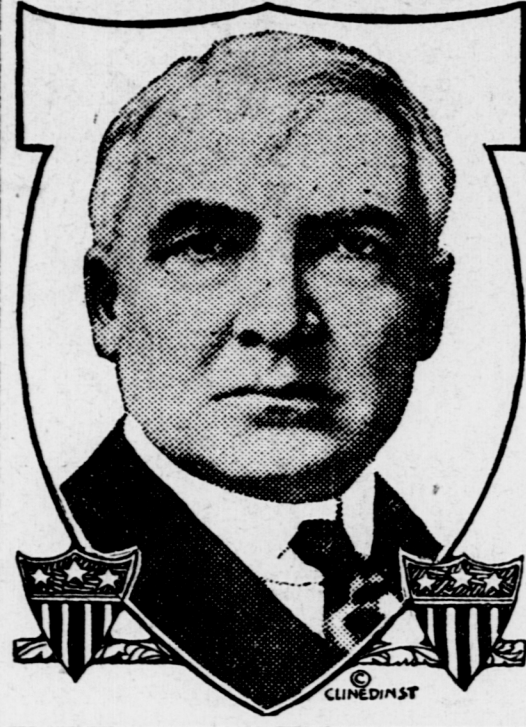
The senate chaplain, the Rev. J. J. Muir, offered prayer and the senate of the 67th congress was called to order by Vice President Marshall. As silence settled over the chamber, Vice President Coolidge stood beside Mr. Marshall. Both men raised their right hands, Mr. Marshall slowly spoke the vice president's oath, the new vice president repeated the words and then delivered his address.

While the new senators were being sworn in the reminder of the party began moving out of the chamber toward the east service. All of the party on the senate floor and the guests in the galleries, by prearranged directions, moved along the rotunda in lines which converged at the main entrance and thus out to the portico steps. The guests were in their places before Mr. Harding appeared on the speaker's stand, a small structure 30 feet square, built with iron girders and with a covered canopy above housing the sound amplifying instruments. The whole was decorated with flags and bunting.

As they came out of the capitol the company from the senate passed through a lane of marines to places on the capitol steps and under the east portico, back of the presidential party. Mr. Harding was accompanied by Chief Justice White to the supreme court and the congressional committee which had seats on the platform with him.

Then before a great sea of humanity official and unofficial, invited and uninvited, Mr. Harding took his place at the left of the chief justice and at the right of the arrangements committee. The assembling of the presidential

WARREN G. HARDING



Harding in a Nutshell

(By Associated Press)

Warren G. Harding, 29th president of the United States.

Born in Blooming Grove, Morrow county, Ohio, November 2, 1879-1882.

Student Ohio Central College 1879-1882.

Entered newspaper business in Marion, Ohio, in 1884 and published Marion, Ohio, Star since that time.

Married Florence Kling, Marion, 1891.

Member Ohio state senate, 1899 to 1905.

Lieutenant governor Ohio, 1904 to 1906.

Republican candidate for governor of Ohio 1910 (defeated.)

Elected to United States senate November 3, 1914.

Elected president November 2, 1920.

Baptist. Home, Marion, Ohio.

UNCLE SAM PAYS HARDING'S SERVANTS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—Mrs. Warren G. Harding found her servants problem solved for her when she became mistress of the White House today.

Cooks, chambermaids, laundrywomen, butler and pantrymen—20 in all—are provided by the government at a cost of \$30,000 a year, and there is a housekeeper who has been in charge of servants since the administration of former President Taft. Previous to that time a steward was in charge.

Only the expense of the personal servants which a new President and his wife may choose to have accompany them to the White House is borne by the Chief Executive. Mrs. Harding has retained the services of Inez McWhorter, her cook, and a chauffeur, but she found at the White House four cooks retained by the government and four chauffeurs.

The matter of supplying the White House table may not prove as simple for all food purchased whether for the private table or for state functions must be paid out of the pocket of the Chief Executive. Caterers to the White House usually are selected by the housekeeper unless the "First Lady of the Land" desires to follow particular preferences which may previously have been formed.

I am paying 24 cents for hens. Better price for large lot. L. T. Wilson, phone 70. 50-1f

party, its departure and the demonstrations of the crowd were the only spectacular features of the outdoor ceremony. Simplicity and solemnity marked the actual ceremony itself.

Weather For Kentucky

Fair tonight and Saturday; warmer.

Today's Livestock Markets
Cincinnati, March 4 — Cattle slow; hogs steady; Chicago 32,000; 15c lower.

WRONG NAME USED IN POLICE COURT CASE

Charles Davidson, of East Bernstadt, Not a Bootlegger, but Highly Respected Citizen

Mr. Charles Davidson, a prominent coal operator of East Bernstadt, who is about to move to Berea and enter business, was in Richmond Thursday morning with his friend John Creech.

Mr. Davidson has been cashier of the First National Bank there and is one of the most prominent and respected business men in that part of the state. His friends are giving him a lot of good natured railery these days over an item which appeared in the Daily Register, to the effect that a man of similar name had been arrested here as a bootlegger. Those who do not know Mr. Davidson, of course, might be confused by the similarity of names as given, but those who do know him, realize, of course, the absurdness of any such mistake.

Mr. Davidson is the only business man of his name in East Bernstadt, and is one of its leading citizens, a total abstainer himself, and prominent in every work and civic activity. He will undoubtedly be given a cordial welcome to Madison county when he moves to Berea to make his home. He and Mr. W. H. Hensley have recently purchased the grocery, feed and hardware departments of the Welch Department Store.

While here, Mr. Davidson and Mr. Creech called on Police Judge G. Murray Smith and sought to ascertain who might be using a name similar to the former's, but they could not secure a sufficiently close description to identify the man.

MANY NICE PLUMS FOR THE FAITHFUL

Harding Expected to Begin 'Dishing Out Pie' to Republicans Right Off the Bat

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—Upwards of 50,000 appointments to public offices carrying salaries aggregating more than \$100,000,000 a year, are to be made by President Harding. Some of these were made today, many others will be announced during the next few months while still others will be made as terms of present Democratic officeholders expire.

The first fruit from the shaking of the official "plum" tree were cabinet offices whose salaries are \$12,000 a year each. Others to come include nearly a dozen ambassadors whose salaries are \$17,500 each, many ministers at \$10,000 each, assistant secretaries, federal judges, attorneys and marshals, customs collectors, members of various government boards and commissions and postmasters by the thousands.

In contrast to the huge patronage roll of Mr. Harding are the appointive perquisites of Vice President Coolidge, whose immediate appointment comprise only his secretary, clerk, page boy and a private telegraph operator. Their salaries total \$7,700 a year. The vice president himself receives \$12,000.

As is the usual custom ambassadors and ministers now serving are expected to present their resignations to President Harding immediately so he may have a free hand in creating his own diplomatic corps. There are 44 ambassadors and ministers, but some of these who have risen from the ranks in the diplomatic service may be retained and practically all of those now in service will continue in office until their successors are named and qualify.

Among ambassadorships regarded as certain to be filled by Mr. Harding are those to Great Britain, France, Italy, Spain, Japan, Belgium, Brazil, Chile, Argentina, an Peru,divvuhrdlurlu gentine and Peru. Many new

CALVIN COOLIDGE



COOLIDGE PAYS TRIBUTE TO SENATE

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—Vice President Coolidge's inaugural address here today consisted of less than 500 words, chiefly paying tribute to the Senate. He asserted "Whatever its faults, whatever its human imperfections, there is no legislative body in all history that has used its powers with more wisdom and discretion, more uniformly for execution of the public will or more in harmony with the spirit of the authority of the people which created it."

Among ministers now holding office who have come up from the ranks in diplomatic service are William Phillips, at The Hague; Hugh Gibson, at Warsaw; Richard Crane, at Prague; Joseph G. Brew, at Copenhagen; Peter Augustus Day, at Salvador; Hoffman Philip at Bogata, Columbia, and Arthur Bailey-Blanchard, at Port-au-Prince, Haiti.

Among appointments in immediate or early prospect are seven members of the shipping board at \$12,000 each; two members of the interstate commerce commission at \$12,000 each; five members of the federal reserve board at \$12,000 each; three members of the railroad commission at \$7,500 each; two members of the federal trade commission at \$10,000 each; some of the nine members of the federal labor board at \$10,000, and four members of the federal farm loan board at \$10,000 each.

Four of the nine supreme court justices also may be appointed by President Harding. Chief Justice White and Associate Justices McKenna, Holmes and Day now are eligible, by both age and the length of service to voluntary retirement. The salary of the chief justice is \$15,000 and that of the associate justices \$14,500.

Postmasters comprise the bulk of presidential patronage. There are nearly 50,000 postmasterships remaining in the presidential class, although President Wilson placed many in the civil service. All have four-year terms and it is estimated that President Harding will appoint something like 15,000 during the next year as the Republican majority in the senate refused confirmation to several thousand postmasters as well as other officials, including members of the shipping board, during the last session of congress.

Although not classed technically as patronage, the president has the selection of officials for many choice places in the army and navy through recommendations for promotion. Among these are the chiefs of war department bureaus, including the chief of staff, and 11 major and 21 brigadier generals. Selections of general officers by President Wilson were held up in the senate this year in Republican blockade of Mr. Wilson's nominations, and these appointments now will be made by Mr. Harding.

In various executive branches of the government, the department of justice leads in patronage, with a roll of about \$130,000, including a solicitor general at \$10,000, one assistant to the attorney general at \$9,000, seven other assistants at \$7,500 and solicitors for the other departments.

HARDING STILL FAVORS ISOLATION IN WORLD AFFAIRS

New President's Inaugural Address Today Stresses Stand Against League of Nations

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—President Harding in his inaugural address here today said:

"My countrymen, when one surveys the world about him after the great storm, noting the marks of destruction and yet rejoicing in the ruggedness of things which withstood it, if he is an American he breathes the clarified atmosphere with a strange mingling of regret and new hope. We have seen world passion spend its fury, but we contemplate our republic unshaken and hold our civilization secure. Liberty—Liberty within the law—and civilization are inseparable and though both were threatened we find them now secure, and there comes to Americans the profound assurance that our representative government is the highest expression and surety guaranty of both.

"Standing in this presence, mindful of the solemnity of this occasion, feeling the emotions which no one may know until he senses the great weight of responsibility for himself, I must utter my belief in the Divine inspiration of the founding fathers. Surely there must have been God's intent in the making of this new world republic. Ours is an organic law which has but one ambiguity, and we saw that effaced in a baptism of sacrifice and blood, with union maintained the nation supreme and its concord inspiring. We have seen the world rivet its hopeful gaze on the great truths on which the founders wrought. We have seen civil, human and religious liberty verified and glorified. In the beginning, the Old World scoffed at our experiment; today our foundations of political and social belief stand unshaken, a precious inheritance to ourselves, an inspiring example of freedom and civilization to all mankind.

"Our express renewed and strengthened devotion, in grateful reverence for the immortal beginning and utter our confidence in the supreme fulfillment.

Progress Proves Wisdom
"The recorded progress of our republic, materially and spiritually, in itself proves the wisdom of the inherited policy of non-involvement in Old World affairs. Confident of our ability to work out our own destiny and jealous guarding our right to do so, we seek no part in directing the destinies of the Old World. We do not mean to be entangled. We will accept no responsibility except as our conscience and judgment in each instance may determine.

"Our eyes never will be blind to a developing menace, our ears never deaf to the call of civilization. We recognize the new order in the world, with the closer contacts which progress has wrought. We sense the call of the human heart for fellowship, fraternity and co-operation. We crave friendship and harbor no hate. But America, our America, the America built on the foundation, laid by the inspired fathers, can be a party to no permanent military alliance. It can enter into no political commitments, nor assume any economic obligations or subject our decisions to any other than our own authority.

"I am sure our people will not misunderstand nor will the world misconstrue; we have no thought to impede the paths to closer relationship. We wish to promote understanding. We want to do our part in making offensive warfare so hateful that governments and peoples who resort to it must prove the righteousness of their cause or stand as outlaws before the bar of civilization.

Association For Counsel

"We are ready to associate ourselves with the nations of the world, great and small, for conference, for counsel, to seek the expressed views of world opinion, to recommend a way to ap-

proximate disarmament and relieve the crushing burdens of military and naval establishments. We elect to participate in suggesting plans for mediation, conciliation and arbitration, and would gladly join in that expressed conscience of progress, which seeks to clarify and write the laws of international relationships and establish a world court for the disposition of such justifiable questions as nations are agreed to submit thereto, in expressing aspirations, in seeking practical plans, in translating humanity's new concept of righteousness, justice and its hatred of war into recommended action we are ready to most heartily unite; but every commitment must be made in the exercise of our national sovereignty.

"Since freedom impelled an independence inspired and nationality exalted a world, super-government is contrary to everything we cherish and can have no sanction by our republic. This is not selfishness. It is sanity. It is not aloofness, it is security. It is not suspicion of others, it is patriotic adherence to the things which made us what we are.

"Today, better than ever before, we know the aspirations of humanity and share them. We have come to a new realization of our place in the world and a new appraisal of our nation by the world. The unselfishness of the United States is a thing proven. Our devotion to peace for ourselves and for the world is well established. Our concern for preserved civilization has had expression. There was no American failure to resist the attempted reversion of civilization, there will be no failure today or tomorrow.

Rest of Popular Will

"The success of our popular government rests wholly upon the correct interpretation of the deliberate, intelligent, dependable popular will of America. In deliberate questioning of a suggested change of national policy where internationality was to be involved, we turn to the American people. There was ample discussion and there is a public mandate in manifest understanding.

"America is ready to encourage, eager to initiate, anxious to participate in any seemly program likely to lessen the probability of war and promote that brotherhood of mankind which must be God's highest conception of human relationship. "Because we cherish ideals of justice and peace, because we appraise international comity and helpful relationship no less highly than any people of the world, we aspire to a high plane in the moral leadership of civilization and we hold a maintained American, the proven republic, the unshaken temple of representative democracy, to be not only an inspiration and example, but the highest agency of strengthening good will and promoting accord on both continents.

"Mankind needs a world wide benediction of understanding. It is needed more among individuals, among peoples, among governments, and it will inaugurate an era of good feeling to mark the birth of a new order. In such understanding men will strive confidently for the promotion of their better relationships and nations will promote the comities so essential to peace.

Trade Ties Bind Closely

"We must understand that ties of trade bind nations in closest intimacy and none may receive except as he gives. We have not strengthened ours in accordance with our resources or our genius, notably on our continent. Where a galaxy of republics reflect the glory of new world democracy, but in the new order of finance and trade we mean to promote, enlarge activities and seek expanded confidence.

"Perhaps we can make no more helpful contribution by example than prove a republic's capacity to emerge from the wreckage of war. While the world's embittered travail did not leave us devastated lands nor desolated (Continued on Page 6)

ALHAMBRA OPERA

18c and 2c war tax20c
27c and 3c war tax30c
Opera House Orchestra Plays Nightly

Friday—Metro Classics Presents—

ALICE LAKE in "THE MISFIT WIFE"

—with an assemblage of conspicuous excellence.—A story that gives a new definition of a good woman
Also, "A Pajama Marriage," a Christie Comedy, and Travelog

"A LIGHT WOMAN"

Saturday—

Starring HELEN EDDY, CHAS. CLARY, CLAIRE Du BREY
—Robert Browning's immortal classic.—It's a new theme for motion pictures.—See it!

Also—WILLIAM DUNCAN

with—
EDITH JOHNSON
—in—
"FIGHTING FATE"

Monday—EUGENE O'BRIEN

—in—
"BROADWAY
—AND—
HOME"

THERE IS MORE RED COMET AND CREECH COAL
SOLD IN RICHMOND THAN ANY OTHER BRANDS

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FEEDS OF ALL KINDS

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Letter To Music Clubs.

The following letter to the Music Clubs over the state will be read with special interest by music lovers of Richmond since Mrs. Mrs. Beattie L. Middleton is president and Mrs. Harvey Chennault, secretary.

The Kentucky Federation of Music Clubs will hold its organization in a few weeks in Richmond, Madison county, Ky. Realizing the long felt need in Kentucky for co-operation between the state musical organizations, this convention is the outcome

of a strong desire on the part of the Music Clubs of the state for a definite and central medium through which to carry on the work peculiarly belonging to the music clubs.

Co-operation holds within its hand a tremendous power for the future of music; working together for a great and good thing in our state, we need one another and by giving much will receive much. Let every musician in every community organize into working units or clubs.

In addition to a splendid program which is being arranged, including both musical and social attractions, Richmond is planning the entertainment of the guests and the meetings will be both interesting and advantageous. The work of the Kentucky Federation of Music Clubs will be definitely launched at this time and it is the earnest wish of your State President that every club be represented at this meeting by its president or her appointee and one delegate or alternate to be present and take part in all proceedings.

Come! Enroll under the banner of the Kentucky Federation of Music Clubs. We ask your interest and suggestions so that we may work together as one harmonious whole in a great national movement whose charter states the object of organization, "to bring into communication with one another the various musical clubs of the country, that they may compare methods of work and become mutually helpful."

Hoping to receive a prompt re-

ply to this most urgent call, I am,
Most cordially yours,
MRS. B. L. MIDDLETON,
Ky. State President.

Entertained For Birthday

Prof. Charles A. Keith was host to a stag dinner at the Kenmadrich the early part of the week in honor of his 38th birthday anniversary. All of the good things of the season were served in a most appetizing manner to which those fortunate enough to be present did full justice. Covers were laid for Messrs. Nicholas Harber, Jack Wagers, Dr. R. C. Boggs, George Hembree, N. G. Denison, Rex W. Cox, R. F. Ramsey, F. C. Gentry, Charles Gray, Ray W. Harmon and Charles A. Keith.

Committee Meeting.

The Flower Committee of the Pattie A. Clay Easter bazaar, of which Mrs. W. H. Grider is chairman, are requested to meet at the Woman's Exchange Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Cobb are spending a few days with Miss Mollie Fife before leaving for Cincinnati.

Mr. T. M. Wells spent Thursday in Irvine.

Mr. T. C. Vaughn, Jr., and Mrs. Vaughn have returned from Dennison, Ohio, and will make their home in Irvine, the former having accepted a position with the L. & N. railroad.

Mrs. Mollie Friend is spending a few days in Estill county.

Mrs. Lula Davis and Mrs. Neville Davis, of Campbellsville, Messrs. Harcourt Parrish, of Virginia, and Marion Parrish, of Chicago, Mr. Jake Parrish, of Big Stone Gap, were here to attend the funeral of Mr. Elisha Parrish whose remains were brought here from Louisville, Thursday.

Mrs. Edward Bobbitt, of Cincinnati, is visiting her daughters, Misses Anna Bell and Adeline Ward, in Burnamwood.

Mrs. B. B. Million, Mrs. Garnett Million and Mrs. Cecil Thorpe, were visitors in Lexington Wednesday.

Miss Kate Brown, who has been teaching in Woodford county, has resigned to accept a position at Anchorage which carries with it a nice increase in salary.

Mrs. J. P. Bicknell, of Berea, is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. June Baxter, on the Summit.

Mrs. W. R. Shackelford spent Wednesday in Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Collins are spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Burke, near Louisville.

Miss Eugenia Elder is at home from St. Agatha's Academy at Winchester.

Messrs. Wilson Brandenburg and J. M. Evans spent Thursday in Lexington.

Mrs. Mary Bolton was called here from Lexington by the illness of her sister, Mrs. Martha Parsons, who continues quite sick.

"CASCARETS" FOR
CONSTIPATION
Just think! A pleasant, harmless cascade works while you sleep and has your liver active, head clear, stomach sweet and bowels moving regular as a clock by morning. No griping or inconvenience. 10, 25 and 50 cent boxes. Children love this candy cathartic.

Every Birthday
Anniversary should suggest
a visit to the Photographer.

The McGaughey Studio



Do This For Constipation

THE public should know that there is a vast difference in the action of the various remedies for constipation. Some are "flushes," purges, physics. They gripe and weaken.

For lasting effect use a laxative. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin acts gently and mildly so that even a tiny baby can use it with safety. It is a compound of Egyptian Senna and other simple laxative herbs with pepsin and pleasant-tasting aromatics. A sixty-cent bottle will last an average family many months.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the most popular of all laxatives and more is used in American homes than any other. Last year eight million bottles were sold by druggists, the largest sale in the world.

TRY IT FREE

Send me your name and address and I will send you a free trial bottle of my Syrup Pepsin. Address me Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 513 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Everybody now needs a laxative, and it is well to know the best. Write me today.

Mrs. W. W. Broadbudd was called to Lexington Thursday by the death of her sister, Miss Ida McCollum.

Miss Bettie French has returned from a delightful visit with her niece, Mrs. E. J. Paxton, near Shelbyville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hise are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hughes in Winchester.

The Winchester Sun says Miss Dorothy Grinstead is having a delightful visit to friends in Lexington.

Mrs. Thomas Jackson has returned to her home in Carlisle after a visit to her daughter, Mrs. O. H. Hill, on Woodland avenue.

Mr. J. J. Williams, of Paris, was a business visitor here Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Dawson, of Avonstone, are welcoming a lovely little daughter, who will be called Edna Louise. Mrs. Dawson was before her marriage, Miss Martha Yates McKee, of this city.

Sanders & Whitaker sold: 155 at \$15.75; 3 Sat \$35; 145 at \$5.50; 115 at \$3.50.

Herndon & Cornelison sold: 340 at \$3.50; 340 at \$3.40; 350 at \$3.10; 340 at \$2; 170 at \$3.20; 135 at \$14; 160 at \$5.90.

IN THE MOVIES

"Broadway and Home" is both the title and the locale of Eugene O'Brien's latest feature, which will be shown at the local theaters Monday. Mr. O'Brien is seen in another virile role which affords great scope for the display of his talents. He is excellent both as the sturdy man of the sea and later as a blase New Yorker.

The cast includes stars who are familiar to local "fans."

Silence Would Solve Her Tribulation. Merely not to tell would bring justice to the woman who had snubbed her, who had made her life unbearable since Pete had not been at home. For Katie Malloy had once been a manicurist, and Pete's wealthy and aristocratic family had never let her forget that fact. They had contrived always to show her in the worst light. Hence there must be some vital reason why Katie with vindication at hand spoke falsely to save the woman she hated. What was it? The question is best answered by seeing Alice Lake in the "Misfit Wife" tonight at the Opea House.

Robert Browning on the Screen

Robert Browning is the last of the great writers whose works contribute to the silver sheet, and in "A Light Woman," which is the announced attraction at the local theaters Saturday, a very unusual drama will be presented. As the poem left the hand of the great Englishman it was a masterpiece, and the screen version is said to be a reduction well worthy of the material from which it was taken. A father who is the rival in the love affair of the son to whom he is devoted; a mother who forwards a most unusual scheme to save the son whom she idolizes, even to the extent of risking her husband to the wiles of a dangerous young woman—these are a few of the high points in the story by Browning which is making a furor all over the country among moving picture patrons. It is said to be one of the most successful screen dramas of the year.

Why Colds Are Dangerous

You are often told to "beware of a cold," but why? We will tell you: Every cold weakens lungs, lowers the vitality and paves the way for more serious diseases. People who contract colds first take cold. The longer a cold hangs on, the greater the danger, especially from the germ disease, as a cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs of consumption, diph-

HOOSIER

SAVES MILES OF STEPS

The Cabinet of Proved Improvements

The reason two million women use and endorse the Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet is because they know that the Hoosier excels—point by point.

They know that every feature of Hoosier construction has been proved right by test before it was adopted.

They know that it is impossible to build a better or more useful kitchen convenience than the Hoosier, because Hoosier's makers have tested every suggestion that was ever made for the improvement of a kitchen cabinet.

Why do without the Hoosier any longer when our Club Plan sends a Hoosier to your home on payment of \$5.00?

Richmond Welch Co.

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"WE ARE GROWING"

themia, scarlet fever and whooping cough. The quicker you get rid of your cold, the less the danger of contracting one of these diseases. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a great reputation as a cure for colds and can be depended upon. It is pleasant to take.

Do YOU WANT SOME EXTRA MONEY? Women and girls, here is an excellent opportunity to earn \$20 to \$50 a month in your spare time making Indian beaded watch fobs, neck chains, and other things. Demand for these novelties is great. We tell you how and where to sell at a profit to your advantage. Just send us one dollar and we will ship at once by parcel post, prepaid, one "Simplex" bead work loom leads for trial work, instructions and beautiful designs in colors. It is so easy and simple that a child can do it. Your money back if you are not satisfied. Don't delay! Send your order at once! Cut this advertisement out, fill in one dollar bill or money order and send it today to Novelty Manufacturing Co., Room 18 Southern Bldg., Dept. 416, Tampa, Fla. (Fridays)

Rhodes and Burton sold: 110 at \$17; 55 at \$19; 115 at \$17.50; 180 at \$6.
James Rhodes sold: 205 at \$14; 130 at \$6.
Franklin Deatherage sold: 145 at \$20; 120 at \$28; 240 at \$18; 80 at \$4; 275 at \$13.50.
Joe Yates sold: 210 at \$20; 210 at \$18.50; 90 at \$16; 195 at \$19.50; 90 at \$2; 25 at \$8.25; 110 at \$5.40.

Watch Our Windows

They Tell the Story

During the special sale our windows will play a very prominent part. Each day beautiful house furnishings will be attractively displayed with the big reduction price marked in plain figures. Here's your chance to save more money on furnishings than ever before. Keep your eye open and watch for your opportunity.

The window display for this week includes the following specials:

- 2 Twin Beds, \$75 value each, now marked down to.....\$40.00
- 3 Odd Chiffoners, \$80 values, now marked down to.....\$40.00
- 1 China Closet, \$80 value, now marked down to.....\$40.00
- 1 Oriole Go-Basket, \$18 value, now marked down to.....\$ 9.00
- 1 Tea Cart, \$18 value, now marked down to.....\$ 9.00
- 2 White Wardrobes, \$37.50 values, now marked down to.....\$20.00
- 1 Eureka Vacuum Cleaner, \$57 value, now marked down to.....\$37.00
- 3 Bissell Vacuum Cleaners, \$7 values, now marked down to.....\$ 3.98

Keep your eye on our windows and get bargains every day during our
Big Clearance Sale

Berea

Muncy Brothers

Richmond

ALHAMBRA OPERA



JESSE L. LASKY
PRESENTS
A NEW
MARK TWAIN
PARAMOUNT
ARTCRAFT
PICTURE

HUCKLEBERRY FINN

Featuring
LEWIS SARGENT

Star in "The Soul of Youth"

TWO DAYS

Wednesday and Thursday
March 8 and 9



The Ford Truck

For the farmer this one-ton truck is just what is wanted. There are so many ways in which it fills in profitably in the activities of farm life that it now is really a necessary part of farm equipment. For the truck farmer; for the contractor; for all the multiplying wants of our diversified city life the Ford one-ton truck answers and is more profitable than any other truck on the market. If you have any doubts investigate. Get our booklet from the dealer telling about what Ford trucks have done. Take the endorsement of the strong merits of the Ford truck from the users, never mind what we say; listen to the men who own and use the truck. And back of that Ford truck is that splendid "Ford After-Service" which insures the constant, daily operation of your truck.

Let us have your order without delay, so that we can make reasonably prompt delivery. We can only get a limited number each month.

RICHMOND MOTOR COMPANY INC.

SAYS DEATH IS UNREAL

Proves That the Dead Still Lives

Remarkable evidence that there is no death, there are no dead, is offered by Lloyd Kenyon Jones, Room 1601, 538 S. Clark St., Chicago, in his book entitled, "God's World," in which he shows how, through God's own law the spirits of those who have passed through the portals of Death can and do communicate with those on earth. One should be cheered by the thought that loved ones have not been transmuted into cold, unemotional individualities by death for God's door is always open between earth life and eternal life, where we all will be united forever. In his illustrated booklet, "Communication," he presents his view of life, here and beyond the grave, which will enable you to understand "God's World" and show you how to obtain happiness and a fuller understanding of life here and in the hereafter. Simply send your name to the author at the above address and the book will be sent to you free of all charges.

DOYLESVILLE

We are glad to know that the school opens again Monday.

Mr. John Durham and family were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jim Reeves last Sunday.

Miss Emma Wilson has recovered from a severe case of illness.

Has Had Stomach Trouble

For Seven Years Theodore Sanford, of Fenmore, Mich., has had stomach trouble for seven years and could not eat vegetables or fruit without pain in stomach and restless nights. By taking Chamberlain's Tablets he is now able to eat vegetables or fruit without causing pain or sleeplessness. If troubled with indigestion or constipation give these tablets a trial. They are certain to prove beneficial.

MRS. W. W. BROADBUSH

LOSES HER SISTER

Miss Ida McCollum died at her home in Lexington Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock after a two weeks illness. She was a beautiful Christian character, a member of the Christian church and until about fifteen years ago, made her home in Richmond and has a host of friends who greatly deplore her sudden passing away, and extend to the bereaved family their deepest sympathy.

Surviving her are her mother, Mrs. Sara McCollum, Lexington, four sisters, Mrs. Maybelle Hicks, Mrs. W. M. Creekmore, Mrs. C. W. Jeff, all of Lexington, and Mrs. W. W. Broadbush, of this city, and one brother, Mr. Robert D. McCollum, of Lexington.

Funeral services will take place at the grave in Richmond cemetery, Saturday afternoon at 2:30, conducted by Dr. Homer W. Carpenter.

Magie Whitaker sold: 90 at \$21; 70 at \$35; 65 at \$4.80.

SAID CAN'T BE DONE

"My experience with doctors and medicines caused me to lose faith in both, and when a friend told me that May's Wonderful Remedy would cure my stomach trouble I told him 'it can't be done.' However, he finally persuaded me to try it and to my surprise it did. All symptoms of acute indigestion and gas having disappeared." It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. H. L. Perry & Son, and druggists everywhere.

CHICAGO SPECTACLE

HOUSE MAKES

STARTLING OFFER

Will Send Handsome Glasses on Trial to Anyone

Everyone who wears glasses or suffers from eye strain, will be interested in the remarkable offer of the Chicago Spectacle House, Dept. B-746, 1462 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill., to send a pair of their large size "True Vision Glasses" free on trial, to any reader of this paper who writes them. These splendid glasses will enable anyone to read the smallest print, thread the finest needle, see far and near, and prevent eye strain and headaches. They are 10 Karat Gold Filled, very handsome in appearance and should last a life time. Don't send any money. Simply your name, address and age and state the length of time you have been wearing glasses. They will send you the glasses at once, by prepaid parcel post, to use and wear for 10 days free. If you are satisfied in every way and want to keep them you are then to pay the small charge of \$2.95, otherwise return the glasses and you are out nothing. If you accept this offer at once, they will enclose the glasses in a beautiful, velvet-lined, spring back pocket book spectacle case, which is to be yours free of all cost.—Ad. 1

LODGE AND WILSON

EXCHANGE WORDS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4—President Wilson and Senator Lodge met at the inauguration ceremonies here today. The republican leader entered the President's room at the Capitol, and informed him in a very formal way that that business of both branches of Congress was concluded and asked whether the President had any further recommendation to Congress.

The President's attention had to be called to the fact that Lodge had entered the room as the President was speaking to some one beside him. When he did glance up he said formally and his tone contrasted with that he used in speaking a moment previously, "I have no further communication to make. I appreciate your courtesy. Good morning."

Woman Wants To Be A Squire

Shelbyville, Ky., March 4—Mrs. C. L. Willis, wife of a Shelbyville attorney tomorrow morning will announce through the newspapers here as a candidate for magistrate from the Shelbyville district. She is believed to be the first woman in the state to

OATH ADMINISTERED AT 1:18 O'CLOCK

Murmurs of Sympathy for Wilson From Crowd—Tom Marshall Make a Hit

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4—Warren Gamaliel Harding was inaugurated President of the United States today with ceremonies so simple as those historians described at the induction of George Washington more than a century ago.

Immediately after the oath was administered by Chief Justice White, Harding turned to the vast crowd stretched across Capitol Place and began delivery of his inaugural address. He pledged his faith anew to American institutions, reiterated his plea for a return to "normalcy," for industrial peace, for friendship with the world and spoke again his promise to work for an association of nations to bring about peace and "approximate" disarmament but coupled his renewed declarations with a fresh pronouncement against "entangling alliances."

Immediately after his address, the new President and his party entered motor cars and proceeded to the White House, escorted by cavalry troops which had brought them to the Capitol.

Inauguration day dawned with bright weather, but a blunt, cold March wind. During the forenoon thousands of visitors and home folks massed on Pennsylvania avenue, even though there was nothing in the way of a civil or military procession which marked inaugurations of other days.

As the automobiles bearing Wilson and Harding and members of their parties appeared, the crowd cheered. There were murmurs of sympathy for Wilson as he entered the Capitol and took the elevator within a short distance of the President's room. Harding and members of the Wilson cabinet were already in room when the President arrived. Harding shortly afterward left for the Senate chamber to witness the inauguration of Vice President Coolidge, while Wilson signed a bill.

In the Senate Vice President Marshall assumed a chair facing the audience.

Marshall's address was frequently punctuated with applause especially when he deplored public men becoming "mere bell boys." The audience arose and applauded as he finished.

After the oath was administered to Coolidge, the new Vice President with a faint tap of the gavel called the new Senate to order and after the chaplain had offered prayer, read his brief address while the audience listened intently.

At 1:18 o'clock the oath was administered to Harding and shortly thereafter the ceremonies in the plaza outside began. Harding spoke for 37 minutes and finished amid a roar of applause.

WOMEN GIVE OUT

Housework is hard enough when healthy. Every Richmond woman who is having backache, blue and nervous spells, dizzy headaches, and kidney or bladder troubles, should be glad to heed this Richmond woman's experience:

Mrs. Andy Metz, 411 Laurel street, says: "I had a miserable pain in my back and felt dull and languid. I had puffy sacks under my eyes and my ankles and feet were swollen and stiff. I had dizzy and nervous headaches and would almost fall over. My kidneys were weak also. I read of Doan's Kidney Pills and procured some from Perry's Drug Store. They did me all the good in the world, putting my kidneys in good order and ridding me of the backache, headaches, and dizziness and I felt better in every way."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Metz had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y., mar 3 10 17

LOST—Blue coat between Seth Tudor's and Richmond; finder please return to Mrs. Seth Tudor. 54 2p

Eighteen Presidents have been college men; one was graduated

BARNEY THOMAS GIVEN THE LIMIT

And Charges of Causing Death of Azbill With 'Shine May Go to Garrard Court

Barney Thomas, who was arrested by Sheriff Whitlock as he got off an L. & N. train at Mayde last week, was given a fine of \$300 and 60 days in jail on a charge of having liquor in his possession. Thomas is charged by Alvin Azbill, brother of Walter Azbill, of Paint Lick, with having sold his brother the moonshine whiskey that caused his death there. Mr. Azbill says that he has a number of witnesses there to prove his charges. He is preparing to take the charges before the Garrard county grand jury when Thomas gets through with the local courts.

When first arraigned Thomas pled guilty to having the liquor. The sheriff caught him with two gallons of 'shine in a valise. He denied, however, having it for sale, and his case and that of his uncle, Pole Thomas, who was waiting for him with a buggy, were continued. Later Thomas changed his plea and was given the limit by a jury. His uncle's case will be heard at the May term of court.

The jury which heard the civil suit of Mrs. Sarah Finney against Mrs. Lizzie Finney to recover money alleged to have been obtained by false pretenses, gave judgment for the full amount asked by the older woman, \$19,316.70. It is understood that an effort will be made to locate the big sums which the younger woman obtained from her mother-in-law.

A new trial was granted by the court in the case of Charles King against Nay Coy. A jury had previously given judgment against Coy for \$1,008. In the suit of the Ross Manufacturing Co. against the Madison Electric and Plumbing Company, judgment was given for the \$189.82 asked.

Dewey Peyton, who had been convicted in his absence for selling "jake" was given a new trial, and acquitted by a jury.

Joe Pigg, charged with having liquor for sale, was fined \$100 and given 50 days in jail. He had previously been tried in police court, but the commonwealth's attorney contended that the police court was without jurisdiction. Pigg lives in the Big Hill section.

A case against Owen Walker for having liquor, was continued until the May term.

WILSON UNABLE TO SEE ALL CEREMONIES

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4—Yielding to last minute entreaties of his family and physicians, President Wilson took no part in the inaugural ceremonies today other than to accompany President-elect Harding from the White House to the Capitol. The outgoing president witnessed neither the inauguration ceremonies of Coolidge in the Senate chamber nor attended the ceremony outside the Capitol where the incoming President took the oath. When he departed from White House to accompany successor to Capitol, he walked feebly with the aid of a cane. At the White House steps it was necessary for secret service men to place his feet on each succeeding step and it was apparent to all it was next to impossible for him to take part in the ceremonies. Wilson was warned he would do so at great risk to his health and it might involve his death.

About noon, after signing a number of bills, he returned to his motor car and drove directly to his new home.

Wilson's Last Official Act

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4—Shortly before his retirement President Wilson gave "pocket vetoes," to both the army and navy appropriations and immigration restriction bills.

Richmond Tobacco Sales

J. and Q. Million sold: 160 at \$25; 380 at \$47; 285 at \$49; 140 at \$26; 195 at \$20; 60 at \$12; 155 at \$16.50; 205 at \$25; 95 at \$28; 150 at \$19; 35 at \$7; 285 at \$2; 530 at \$3.60; 615 at \$2.80.

Tudor & Wagner sold: 285 at \$6; 110 at \$12; 235 at \$18; 215 at \$22; 180 at \$10.25; 165 at \$12.50

LOOK AT THE

M. H. Wells & Co's. Specials

They Are Real Bargains

150 lb Irish Potatoes	\$3.15
100 lb Richmond Cream Flour	5.40
50 lb Pure Lard	6.50
10-lb Bucket Lard	1.75
5-lb Bucket Lard	.90
10-lb Bucket Syrup	.70
5-lb Bucket Syrup	.35
1 Can Tomato Soup	.10
1 Can Pumpkin	.10
1 Can Salmon	.15
1 Can Pork and Beans	.15
1 Box Matches	.05
Fresh Roasted Coffee, ground or grain, only	.30

Corner 2nd and Irvine Phone 430

RICHMOND BUICK CO. THREATENED BY FIRE

Fire, which is believed to have been of incendiary origin, seriously threatened the Richmond Buick Company's garage at the corner of Third and Water streets about 2 o'clock Friday morning. Prompt action by the fire department undoubtedly saved the building and many of the cars. Proprietor Burton Roberts estimates his loss at about \$8,000 or \$10,000. He is only fairly well covered by insurance, it is understood.

The blaze was first discovered about 1:45 o'clock and an alarm quickly turned in. Julian Blake, who resides nearby, said that just before the blaze broke out, he saw a car hasten away. The fire is said to have been discovered in two separate places.

Most of the damage done to cars stored in the garage was to their tops. A large quantity of high-priced tires were practically destroyed as well as the large stock of accessories for cars that Mr. Roberts carries in stock. Among the cars which were damaged were three belonging to the garage, and cars of the following: J. Morgan Evans, Dr. C. S. Holton, John Coffey, J. E. Reagan, and Charles Shrewsbury.

SALESMAN OR DEALER—Wanted to act as our direct representative in your locality, selling the Universal Water Circulator. A positive pump for Fords. Quick sales, 100 per cent profit. Small investment required. Now is the time to start the season for big business. Write today for proposition. Universal Appliance Co., 186 5th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

TOLL LINE BURNED IN ESTILL COUNTY

Fire in a big country store at Winston, Estill county, Thursday night, did severe damage to the Irvine toll line of the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, and caused a cessation of communication for some time between Richmond and points in Estill county. Local Manager H. P. Harris was on the job at once, however, and had a crew repairing the break. Mr. Harris said the big store was a complete loss.

Harding First Editor President

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4—Warren G. Harding is the first newspaper publisher to serve as president of the United States. He is the 29th chief executive, reckoning with Cleveland's two terms as separate ones because he was the only president serving twice who was not re-elected.

Nineteen presidents were lawyers at the time they were elected. Three are classified as statesmen; two as soldiers; two as farmers; one as a public official. Mr. Harding might also fall within the class of statesman as he had served six years in the senate when elected and was the first senator to be elected president.

Virginia leads in the nativity of presidents. Eight of her sons—Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, William Henry Harrison, Tyler, Taylor and Wilson—have held the highest office in the gift of the nation.

Ohio has given seven native sons to the presidency—Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Benjamin Harrison, McKinley, Taft and Harding.

Rheumatism Comes

From Tiny Pain Germs

First of all, get it firmly fixed in your mind that all the liniments in the world have no effect whatever on Rheumatism.

A very common form of Rheumatism is caused by millions of tiny disease germs which infect the blood. The one and only sensible treatment, therefore, is one which cleanses the blood of these germs, and routs them entirely out of the circulation.

This is why S.S.S., the greatest known blood purifier is so successful in the treatment of Rheumatism. It is a powerful cleanser of the blood, and will remove the disease germs that cause your Rheumatism, affording relief that is genuine. S.S.S. is sold by all druggists. Free literature and medical advice can be had by writing to Chief Medical Adviser, 154 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. J. B. Stouffer

Announces her

Kaufman, Straus Company

Opening

of

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES, and DRESS ACCESSORIES

At Hotel Glyndon

the week beginning

March 7th

Remember the Place and Date

WE DELIVER

PHONE 985

WE SELL FOR LESS—OUR PRICES PROVE IT!

COFFEE	FLOUR
Arbuckle's 25	24 lb 48 lb
Grandma's Cup 37	Capitol \$1.40 \$2.75
Better Cup 30	Gold Dust \$1.50 \$2.95
Peaberry (best) 30	Mary \$1.50 \$2.95
Others 18c to 40c.)	Henry Clay \$1.60

SYRUPS We have quality and the right price

SOAPS	10 bars
Large Lenox 45	Margarine 30 and 33c lb
Cleanasy 45	Churngold 35c lb
P. & G. 73	Prunes 2 lb 35c
Arrow 39	Pink Salmon 15c can
Palmolive 79	Garden Seed and Tools.

How about your seed potatoes? See us. Fruits and vegetables at the right price.

Navy beans 4 lb 25c
Matches, only 5c
Pure lard, 10 lb \$1.80

These prices are right—buy now

WE DELIVER JOHN L. JONES CASH ONLY PHONE 985 U SAVE

There's one thing that everybody wants in government, in business, in private life, and that one thing is less waste. We don't know what the government will do to cut costs. We do know what we've done in our business

Clothing Prices for Spring are Much Lower

Hart Schaffner & Marx have done their part--they've reduced prices to the minimum. Because of their immense volume they have always been able to make good clothes at a lower cost than anyone else. Now this price difference is even greater

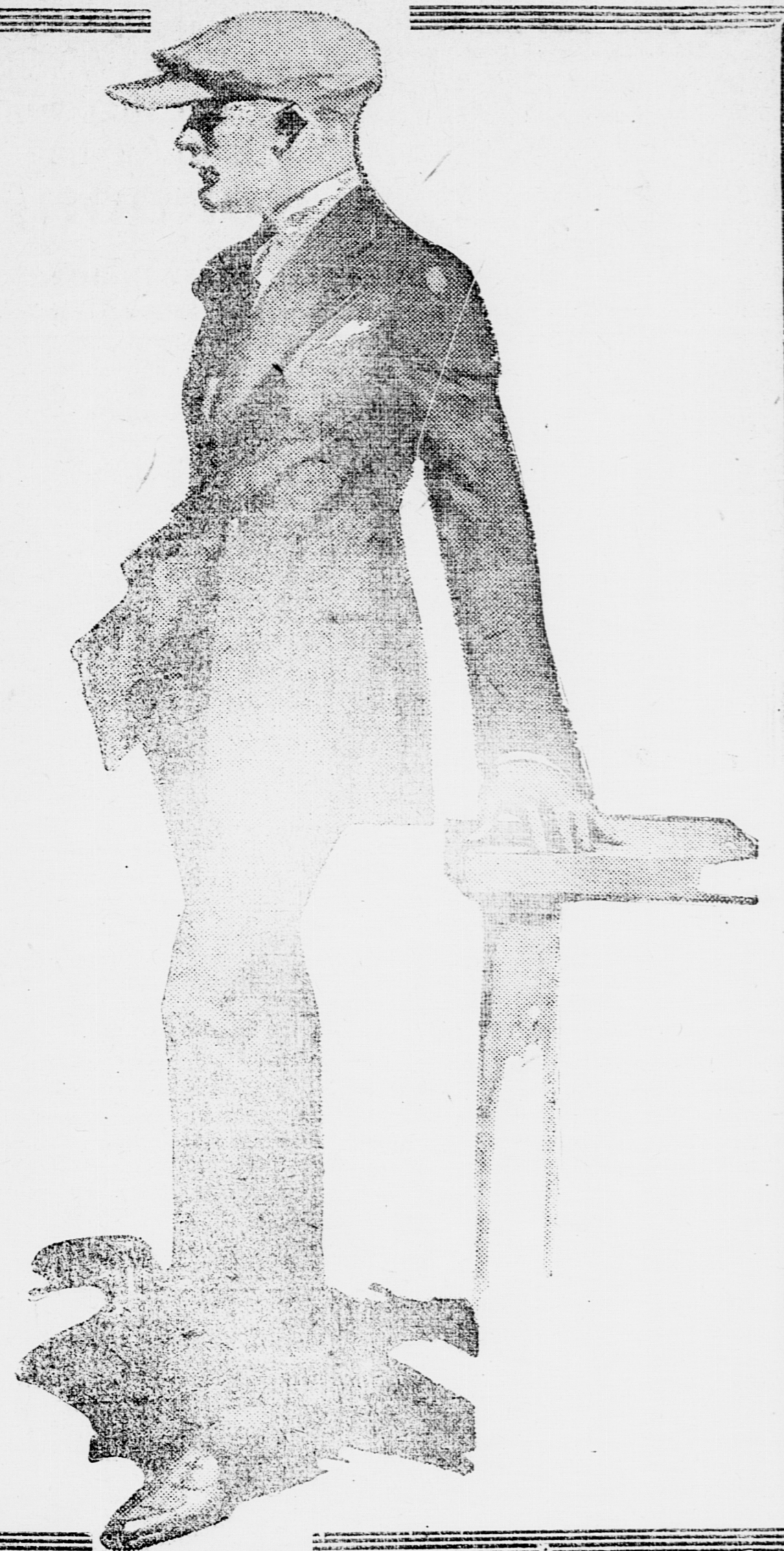
For ourselves, we're operating on rock bottom. We'll be content if we only pay expenses. The result is extra saving for you. Our values are unequalled in this town. We'll leave it to you.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Suits and Overcoats

\$30 \$35 \$40 \$45

J. S. STANIFER

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes



WARNING

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years, and proved safe by millions.—Say "Bayer"!



SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate of Salicylic acid.

W. C. BENTON WINS HONORS AT STATE

His many friends and relatives in this county will be interested in the following from Lexington about William C. Benton, son of Judge and Mrs. J. M. Benton, of Winchester:

William Covington Benton, of Winchester, who was graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1918, will be graduated from the law school of the

University of Kentucky, in June with the class of 1921.

The home of Mr. Benton is in the town of Winchester, which is the county seat of Clark county. He comes from a family of old Kentucky Presbyterians and is the son of Judge J. M. Benton.

Mr. Benton received his early schooling at Kentucky Wesleyan Academy situated in his home town. While in school there he took part in all the school activities. He was president of the Edein Literary Society. Going in for the debating team, he early showed his fondness for argu-

ment. Great were the fears of the neighboring foot ball teams when "Bill" Benton, Wesleyan's center came upon the field. He graduated in 1915 at the age of eighteen. The next year he went to the University of Michigan where he studied engineering. However he did not return in 1916 but entered the United States Military Academy. He graduated from that school in November, 1918, which was early on account of the war.

Immediately after graduation Mr. Benton went to Mexico border in the Fourth Cavalry of the United States Army. His company was stationed at Fort Ringgold, Texas. He said that the chief business of the Sammys here was to round up all Mexicans whom they caught smuggling liquors into the United States.

Mr. Benton entered the law college of Kentucky University in September, 1919. He is a member of the Sigma Club and is well known to the student body. State will send him out in June of this year not only fitted for an efficient career as a lawyer and statesman but as an example of the many splendid young men she sends out yearly.

How It Happened

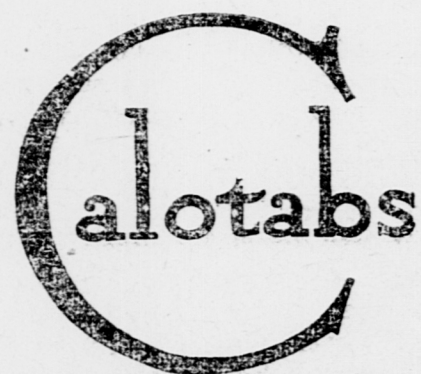
In talking about Harding's cabinet Tom Underwood in the Hoptown New Era tells a little story related to him by a friend who had heard of the choice of John J. Davis, the ex-steel worker of Pennsylvania, as Secretary of Labor.

"The appointment rather reminds one of a colored fellow I heard about," said Mort Gleason. "This fellow was a chicken stealing, good for nothing dorky. But one day he announced to the owner of the plantation that he had been elected an elder by his comrades."

"You an elder," cried the owner. "Why you chicken stealing, good for nothing Sam! How did they come to make you an elder?" "Well, boss, it was dis way," explained Sam. "De rough element in de church des riz up in dey might an' say, We want's representation."

The Winchester depot caught fire and damage amounts to sev-

To abort a cold and prevent complications take



The purified and refined calomel tablets that are nauseous, safe and sure.

Medicinal virtues retained and improved. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.

Freeman Realty Co.

Phone 211

Office Over

Citizens' National Bank

We are Paying \$3.50 for Corn

ZARINGS' MILL

Louisville, March 4.—Cattle 400 active; hogs 1,200; strong; sheep 50; steady; all unchanged.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

Calvary Baptist Church
Sunday school 9:45; B. Y. P. U. at 6 p. m.; services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., by the pastor, L. A. Byrd.

First Presbyterian Church
Rev. J. W. Clopton will fill his regular monthly appointment at 11 a. m. The Baptist congregation will worship with the Presbyterian in the evening service at the Episcopal church at 7:15, and Dr. O. O. Green will conduct the service and preach the sermon. Sunday School in Masonic Temple at 9:45 a. m.

First Christian Church
Bible School at 9:30. W. J. Wagers, supt. Preaching and communion at 10:45; subject "Without God, What?" Christian Endeavor at 6:15; evening evangelistic service at 7 o'clock; theme, "The Supreme End of Life." **First Church of Christ, Scientist**
Sunday services at 11 a. m., subject "Man;" Sunday School at 9:45; Wednesday evening meeting at 7:30 in church edifice on Second street. Public cordially invited.

Red House Methodist Church
Services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

First Baptist Church
Sunday School at 9:30; primary department will meet in its accustomed place in the basement.

TREES FOR SPRING PLANTING—WRITE FOR OUR FREE CATALOG OFFERING

FRUIT AND SHADE TREES BLOOMING SHRUBS SMALL FRUITS GRAPE VINES

PERENNIALS, EVERGREENS HEDGING, ROSES, etc.

Everything for Orchard, Lawn, Garden—No Agents

H. F. HILLENMEYER & SONS
50-24p Lexington, Ky.

R. C. OLDHAM
ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW
Oldham Building
RICHMOND, KENTUCKY

all other classes will meet in the Episcopal church. No morning worship on account of furnace being out of order. The pastor, Dr. O. Olin Green, will preach in the Episcopal church at 7:15 p. m., subject "We Would See Jesus." B. Y. P. U. will meet at 6:15 in the regular place.

First Methodist Church
W. O. Sadler, pastor; Sunday School at 9:30; sermon by pastor at 10:45; vesper service at 4 p. m.; sermon by pastor; Epworth League at 5 o'clock; prayer service Wednesday evening at 7.

R. L. CLARK OPTOMETRIST

Office Hours—9 to 11; 1 to 5.
Office over Wells' Store.
Telephone 666

COAL

Car Loads and Less

Having leased the warehouse and coal yard on the east side of the L. & N. railroad next to Passengen Depot, on and after February 28, will be prepared to furnish coal to the public either delivered or from the yards at reasonable price. Quality and weight guaranteed. All patronage appreciated. All orders carefully and promptly handled. TELEPHONE 967.

McDowell Coal Company

YES IT CAN BE DYED OR CLEANED

That last year's suit or dress can be made to appear like a New One.

Send Via Parcel Post.

SWISS CLEANERS & DYERS
909 6th Street (Incorporated) Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—10,000 POUNDS OF POULTRY

We are paying 24c. for Hens.

Special price on large lots.

We will send our trucks any place in the country for a large lot.

Now is the time to sell your surplus stock while prices are high.

Renaker Poultry Co.

Old Stand, E. Main and Orchard Sts. Phone 132

Walsh Tailoring Co.

All patterns are exclusive with me.

Personal attention from the proprietor for every customer. Careful attention to every detail—and the very best clothes possible to produce.

Are you the kind of man that kind of service appeals to? My new Spring and Summer Suitings are ready for your choosing a pattern.

WALSH

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

SEED OATS

Recleaned Heavy Northern white Oats tested by Ky. Agricultural Station--Purity 99.80; Germination 98. An oat that will make a crop. 3 bushels to the bag.

F. H. GORDON

PHONE 28

Dairy Feed \$2.25 bag. Horse Feed \$2.25 bag

HARDING'S ADDRESS

(Continued from Page 1)

cities, left no gaping wounds, no breast in hate, it did involve us in the delirium of expenditure, in expanded currency and credits, in unbalanced industry, in unspeakable waste and disturbed relationships. While it uncovered our portion of hateful selfishness at home, it also revealed the heart of America as sound and fearless and beating in confidence unflinching.

"Amid it all we have riveted the gaze of all civilization to the unselfishness and the righteousness of representative democracy, where our freedom never has made offensive warfare, never has sought territorial aggrandizement through force, never has turned to the arbitration of arms until reason has been exhausted. When the governments of earth shall have established a freedom like our own and shall have sanctioned the pursuit of peace as we have sanctioned it, I believe the last sorrow and the final sacrifice of international warfare will have been written.

Our Supreme Task

"Our supreme task is the resumption of our onward normal way. Reconstruction, readjustment, restoration—all these must follow. I would like to have them. If it will lighten the spirit and add to the resolution with which we take up the task, let me repeat for our nation, we shall give no people just cause to make war upon us. We hold no national prejudices, we entertain no spirit of revenge, we do not hate, we do not covet, we dream of no conquest, nor boast of armed prowess.

"If, despite this attitude, war is again forced upon us, I earnestly hope a way may be found which will unify our individual and collective strength and consecrate all America, materially and spiritually, body and soul, to national defense. I can vision the ideal republic where every man and woman is called under the flag for assignment to duty, for whatever service, military or civic, the individual is best fitted, where we may call to universal service every plant, agency or facility, all in the sublime sacrifice for country and not one penny of war profit shall inure to the benefit of private individuals, corporation or combination, but all above the normal, flow into the defense chest of the nation. There is something inherently wrong, something out of accord with the ideals of representative democracy, when one portion of our citizenship turns its activities to private gain and defensive warfare while another is fighting sacrificing or dying for national preservation.

Unity of Spirit and Purpose

"Out of such universal service will come a new unity of spirit and purpose, a new confidence and consecration, which would make our defense impregnable, our triumph assured. Then we should have little or no disorganization of our economic, industrial and commercial systems at home, no staggering war debts, no swollen fortunes to flout the sacrifices of our soldiers, no cause for sedition, no pitiable slackness, no outrage of treason. Envy and jealousy would have no soil for their menacing development and revolution would be without the passion which engenders it.

"A regret for the mistakes of yesterday must not, however, blind us to the tasks of today. War never left such an aftermath. There has been staggering loss of life and measureless waste of materials. Nations are still groping for return to stable ways. Discouraging indebtedness confronts us like all the war-torn nations, and these obligations must be provided for. No civilization can survive repudiation.

"We can reduce the abnormal expenditures and we will. We can strike at war taxation and we must. We must face the grim

necessity with full knowledge that the task is to be solved, and we must proceed with a full realization that no statute enacted by man can repeal the inexorable laws of nature. Our most dangerous tendency is to expect too much of government and at the same time do for it too little.

"We contemplate the immediate task of putting our public household in order. We need a rigid and yet sane economy, combined with fiscal justice, and it must be attended by individual prudence and thrift which are so essential to this trying hour and reassuring for the future.

Reflection of War's Reaction

"The business world reflects the disturbance of war's reaction. Herein flows the life blood of material existence. The economic mechanism is intricate and its parts interdependent and has suffered the shocks and jars incident to abnormal demands, credit inflations and price upheavals. The normal balances have been impaired, the channels of distribution have been clogged, the relations of labor and management have been strained. We must seek the readjustment with care and courage. Our people must give and take. Prices must reflect and receding fever of war activities. Perhaps we never shall know the old levels of wage again, because war invariably adjusts compensations and the necessities of life will show their inseparable relationship, but we must strive for normalcy to reach stability. All the penalties will not be light nor evenly distributed.

"There is no way of making them so. There is no instant step from disorder to order. We must face a condition of grim reality, charge off our losses and start afresh. It is the oldest lesson of civilization. I would like government to do all it can to mitigate them. In understanding, in mutuality of interest, in concern for the common good, our tasks will be solved.

"No altered system will work a miracle. Any wild experiment will only add to the confusion. Our best assurance lies in efficient administration of our proven system.

From Destruction To Production

"The forward course of the business cycle is unmistakable. Peoples are turning from destruction to production. Industry has sensed the changed order and our people are turning to resume their normal onward way. The call is for productive America to go on. I know that Congress and the administration will favor every wise government policy to aid the resumption and encourage continued progress.

"I speak for administrative efficiency, for enlightened tax burdens, sound commercial practices, for adequate credit facilities, for sympathetic concern for all agricultural problems, for the omission of unnecessary interference of government with business, for an end to government's experiment in business and for more efficient business in government administration. With all of this must attend a mindfulness of the human side of all activities so that social, industrial and economic justice will be squared with the purposes of a righteous people.

"With the nationwide introduction of womanhood into our political life, we may count upon her intuitions, her refinement, her intelligence and her influence to exalt the social order. We count upon her exercise of the full privileges and the performance of the duties of citizenship to speed the attainment of the highest state.

Prayer For Industrial Peace

"I wish for America no less alert in guarding against dangers from within than it is watchful against enemies from without. Our fundamental law recognizes no class, no group, no section; there must be none in legislation or administration. The supreme inspiration is the common weal. Humanity hungers for international peace and we crave it with

all mankind. My most reverent prayer for America is for industrial peace, with its rewards, widely and generally distributed amid the inspirations of equal opportunity.

"No one justly may deny the equality and opportunity which made us what we are. We have mistaken unpreparedness to embrace it to be a challenge of the reality, and due concern for making all citizens fit for participation will give added strength of citizenship and magnify our achievement.

"If revolution insists upon overturning established order, let other people make the tragic experiment. There is no place for it in America. When world war threatened civilization we pledged our resources and our lives to its preservation, and when revolution threatens we unfurl the flag of law and order and renew our consecration. Ours is a constitutional freedom where the popular will is the law supreme and minorities are sacredly protected. Our revisions, reformations and evolutions reflect a deliberate judgment and an orderly progress, and we mean to cure our ills, but never destroy or permit destruction by force.

"I had rather submit our industrial controversies to the conference table in advance than to a settlement table after conflict and suffering. The earth is thirsting for the cup of good will. Understanding is its fountain of course. I would like to acclaim an area of good feeling amid dependable prosperity, and all the blessings which attend.

Protection For Industries

"It has been proved again and again that we cannot, while throwing our markets open to the world, maintain American standards of living and opportunity and hold our industrial eminence in such unequal competition. There is a luring fallacy in theory of banished barrier of trade, but preserved American standards require our higher production costs to be reflected in our tariffs on imports. Today as never before, when peoples are seeking trade, restoration and expansion, we must adjust our tariffs to the new order. We seek our participation in the world's exchanges, because therein lies our way to widened influence and the triumphs of peace. We know full well we cannot sell where we do not buy and we cannot sell successfully where we do not carry.

"Opportunity is calling not alone for the restoration, but for a new era in production, transportation and trade. We shall answer it best by meeting the demand of a surpassing mass market, by promoting self-reliance in production and by bidding enterprise, genius and efficiency to carry our cargoes in American bottoms to the marts of the world.

An America of Homes

"We would not have an America living within and for herself alone, but we would have her self-reliant, independent and ever nobler, stronger and richer. Believing in our higher standards, reared through constitutional liberty and maintained opportunity, we invite the world to the same heights. But pride in things wrought is no reflex of a completed task. Common welfare is the goal of our national endeavor. Wealth is not inimical to welfare, it ought to be its friendliest agency.

"There never can be equality of rewards or possessions so long as the human plan contains varied talents and differing degrees of industry and thrift, but ours ought to be a country free from great blotches of distressed poverty. We ought to find a way to guard against the perils and penalties of unemployment. We want an America of homes, illumined with hope and happiness, where mothers, freed from the necessity for long hours of toil beyond their own doors, may preside as befits the hearthstone of American citizenship. We want the cradle of American childhood

rocked under conditions so whole some and so hopeful that not blight may touch it in its development and we want to provide that no selfish interest, no material necessity, no lack of opportunity shall prevent the gaining of that education so essential to best citizenship.

"There is no short cut to the making of these ideals into glories. The world has witnessed, again and again, the futility and the mischief of all-considered remedies for social and economic disorders. But we are mindful today as never before of the friction of modern industrialism and we must learn its causes and reduce its evil consequences by sober and tested methods. Where genius has made for great possibilities, justice and happiness must be reflected in a greater common welfare.

Service, The Supreme Commitment

"Service is the supreme commitment of life. I would rejoice to acclaim the era of the Golden Rule and crown it with the authority of service. I pledge an administration wherein all the agencies of government are recalled to service and ever promote an understanding of government purely as an expression of the popular will.

"One cannot stand in this presence and be unmindful of the tremendous responsibility. The world upheaval has added greatly to our tasks. But with the realization comes the surge of high resolve, and there is a reassurance in belief in the God-given destiny of our republic. If I felt that there is to be sole responsibility in the executive for the America of tomorrow, I should shrink from the burden. But here area hundred millions, with common concern and shared responsibility, answerable to God and country. The republic summons them to their duty and I invite co-operation.

"I accept my part with single-mindedness of purpose of humility of spirit and implore the favor and guidance of God in his heaven. With these I am unafraid and confidently face the future.

"I have taken the solemn oath of office on that passage of Holy Writ wherein it is asked 'What doth the Lord require of thee but to do justly and to love mercy and walk humbly with thy God.' This I plight to God and country."

Harding A Baptist

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—The twenty-ninth President is the first of the Baptist faith.

Mr. and Mrs. Harding have not yet made known which church they will attend, but it may be that the First Baptist, at 16th and 4 streets, Northwest, will number them among its congregation. Rev. Henry Allen Tupper is the pastor of this church, which is one of the oldest in Washington, having been founded 119 years ago.

Of nearly 400 churches in the capital, only nine can count Presidents as once members of their congregations. So many chief executives have attended St. John's Episcopal church, at 16th and H streets, across Lafayette square from the White House, that is known as the "Church of the Presidents." It was built in 1816 when Washington was arising out of the ashes after its burning by the British in 1812.

Several chief executives, including Lincoln, attended the New York avenue Presbyterian church, a red brick structure which stands at the intersection of New York avenue and H streets, only a few blocks from the White House. Lincoln was said to have attended many mid-week prayer services at this church unknown to the congregation. He would walk down to the church, enter the little room next to the assembly room by way of the alley door, and there in the dark, with the door open just a crack, would silently remain throughout the service.

Washington worshiped at Christ's Church in Alexandria, which still stands as a shrine for the visitor in search of memories of the Father of His Country. Jefferson and John Adams attended Old St. John's church in Georgetown.

The church where President Taft, the only chief executive of the Unitarian faith, worshipped at 14th and L streets, has been razed to make way for a commercial building. President Wilson attended the Central Presbyterian church at 15th and Irving streets, Northwest. The little Dutch Reformed Church was the one most frequently attended by

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PRESIDENT'S WIFE HIS CONSTANT CHUM

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—Florence Kling Harding, the new First Lady of the Land, possesses an unusual degree of pluck and outspokenness. She has ideas of her own on many subjects and she does not hesitate to speak her opinions straight out from the shoulder. Those who work for her count her a kindly and delightful mistress, but they know that any delinquency will not soon forget. On occasions she has been seen shaking a finger at her husband—but of course nobody knows what that all is about.

All her life Mrs. Harding has been a determined and tireless worker, not only in the details of her household, but in the broader field of business and community welfare. She comes of fighting blood, her father, Amos Kling, having been a rugged power of the pioneer days of Marion. She was born there, and although in her girlhood her parents attained to moderate means they were not the sort who lean to extravagance.

When she married Mr. Harding in 1891, his newspaper, The Star, was not out of the woods financially and she went to work in its business department. She applied herself to advertising and circulation problems with an eye for efficiency all along the line. She watched the original purchase of print paper and materials and she at the presses and gave instructions to the newsboys daily before they started on their rounds with the finished product.

It is said of her in Marion that when she became the wife of the struggling young editor she told her friends she expected to make him President some day, and it is known that at some of the most discouraging stages of the pre-convention campaign last year it was she who insisted most vigorously that the fight be continued. During the strenuous days when thousands were marching to the front porch of the Harding residence on Mt. Vernon avenue, she was the most active figure about her husband's headquarters. She was beside him every time he spoke at home or away; she shook hands with as many men and women as he did; and she was in and out of his offices from morning until night, rounding up details and giving him advice on all serious questions before him.

Late on the night of the last front porch meeting a newspaperman passing the Harding home saw someone moving about the dark recesses of the big veranda. It was Mrs. Harding, drawing the porch chairs back against the wall for the night and softly whistling a quiet little air of contentment.

"You seem happy enough," he called across to her.

"I surely am," she replied, "and why shouldn't I be? Isn't it wonderful?"

Mrs. Harding is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and the Hardings alternate attendance between that and the Baptist church, of which the new President is a member. She loves children and chooses horses and dogs for her pets. Cruel treatment of dumb animals arouses her to militant protest, and on more than one occasion she has stopped on the streets of Marion and Washington to reprimand a drayman or a cabby for abusing

his horse. In her younger days she was a skilled horsewoman. Of medium height, the new First Lady of the Land carries herself erect and with a charming dignity. Pictures seldom do her justice, for although her hair is streaked with silver her eyes are as brilliant and her glances and smiles as radiant as when she was sixteen.

INAUGURATION CROWD SMALLER THAN USUAL

Due to Harding's Expressed Wish For Simplicity—Some Other Big Throngs Recalled

(By Associated Press)

Washington, March 4.—This year, for the first time since William Henry Harrison was inaugurated in 1841 and "Tippecanoe" Club started the custom of pilgrimages to the capital on a great scale, an inauguration has been held without organized effort to attract crowds to the national capital.

The great masses of humanity which have come to witness the induction of chief executives were conspicuous today by their absence. The explanation is the desire of President Harding that the customary inaugural parade, ball, fireworks and other ostentatious display be eliminated. Hundreds of visitors came, of course, to see Mr. Harding take the oath of office and hear his inaugural address, but there was no such crowds as the railroads had expected to bring and as the hotel proprietors, restaurant men and merchants had hoped to cater to.

The scenes today contrasted strangely with those of four years ago when Woodrow Wilson was inaugurated for the second time amid a great patriotic demonstration with the nation verging on its declaration of war with Germany. Then there were all the elements of great spectacle, military and civil. In addition riflement were stationed on roofs and at windows along Pennsylvania avenue to guard the president and 50 boy scouts were concealed under the inaugural platform to detect any suspicious movements in the crowds on the capitol plaza. That is said to have been the first time riflement were thus posted as guards since Lincoln first came into office. Incidentally the sharpshooters of '61 were said by writers of the day to have been "expert German riflement."

Until this year the number of persons attending inaugural ceremonies has been increasing almost without exception since Madison took the oath in 1809. The capital at that time had grown to be a village of 5,000 and writers of that day said that by 10 o'clock on the morning of March 4 Pennsylvania avenue was crowded and that numerous slaves, the women with bright turbans carrying bundles on their "well poised heads," mingled with the promenaders.

On several occasions inauguration crowds have turned themselves into mobs and literally taken possession of the city. Historians record that when General Jackson was inaugurated in 1829 it was necessary "to stretch a ship's cable" across the capitol steps to protect him from his enthusiastic friends. They first hemmed him in at Gadsby's tavern and it was only with difficulty that he was able to reach the capitol. His

journey to the White House was equally as difficult and the crowd which followed him there broke into the executive mansion, smashing furniture and tracking mud over the carpet and floors.

It is related that barrels of orange punch were placed on the White House lawn to entice the crowds from the building.

There had been forebodings of what was to come and the day before inauguration a Washington newspaper published an appeal to all persons attending the ceremonies to "observe order" and that "all peace officers aid and assist in the reservation of peace and order."

Daniel Webster wrote a friend that he had never seen "such a crowd before."

"Persons have come here for 500 miles," his letter said, "and they really think the country has been saved from some dreadful danger. The city is full of speculators, too many to be fed without a miracle and all hungry for office."

The next record of an inaugural crowd breaking from the bounds of sanity and decorum was in 1845. Content during the daylight hours, with shouting banteringly to one another, the popular question of the day, "who is James K. Polk?"—query started by opponents of the comparatively unknown president-elect from Tennessee—crowds grew more boisterous toward night until finally at a ball "for the masses" held at the National theater there developed a free-for-all fight for supper. It is said that during the progress of the melee thieves made off with most of the combatant's hats, wraps and cloaks.

Another instance of an uncontrollable inauguration crowd was in 1869 when Grant took office. Many of the visitors had been angered because they had been charged \$50 to \$100 for seats in line of march of the parade. That night a mob broke into the temporary kitchen at the treasury building, where the inaugural ball was in progress and ate or destroyed all of the food provided for the guests.

The city was packed and it was related that thousands slept on door steps. So many persons attended the inaugural ball that the conditions there were described by one writer as "terrible." Horace Greeley, unable to find either his hat or overcoat, was said to have been forced to sit up for two hours on the steps of the treasury building among weeping, wrangling women whose clothing had been torn in their vain effort to get into the dance hall.

Services At Republican Church
Rev. J. W. Beagle, state evangelist, will conduct services at Republican Baptist church Saturday, March 5 at 11 o'clock. All members are especially urged to be present and the public cordially invited.

Clark County Lands Decline
In Clark county, Henry & Fleece agents for Hood Curtis and Sam Ramsey, sold a 35-acre tract, formerly part of the Nelson farm, to John Groves at \$262 per acre.

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